City of Brevard, North Carolina Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2017





City Council As of June 30, 2017

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Brevard Brevard, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Brevard, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Brevard ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Brevard ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Brevard ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Brevard, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 13, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on page 56, the Other Postemployment Benefits Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions on page 57, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, on pages 58 and 59, respectively, and the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund's Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on page 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Brevard, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial

statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Hould Killiam CPA Group, P.A.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Brevard's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Brevard's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Asheville, North Carolina November 15, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

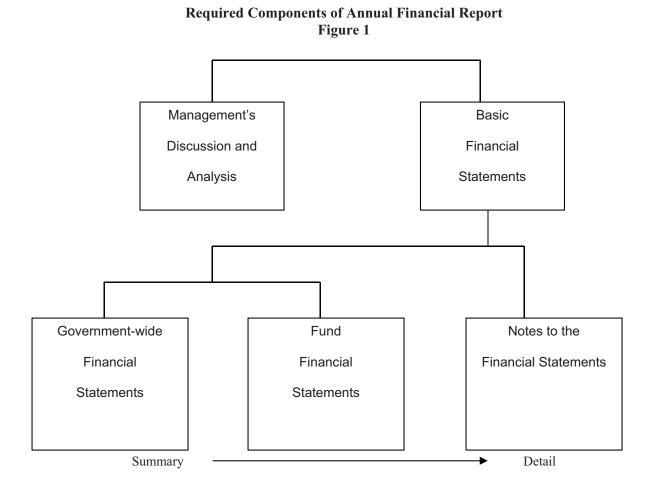
As management of the City of Brevard, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City of Brevard's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Brevard exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$26,564,748 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$47,623 primarily due to diligent management of the budget.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Brevard's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,871,538, a decrease of \$376,527 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 45% of this total amount, or \$2,637,427, is nonspendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,820,002. This represents approximately 36% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Outstanding governmental installment obligations increased by \$92,659 due to new installment financing of \$407,689 for equipment and repayment of \$315,030.
- Outstanding installment and revolving loan debt in the Water and Sewer Fund increased by \$10,526,870 primarily due to advanced funding recorded on federal revolving loans obtained to finance various large water and sewer improvement/rehabilitation projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Brevard's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Brevard.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City of Brevard's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 11) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, individual fund statements and schedules are provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Brevard

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes and grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the City of Brevard. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City of Brevard, the ABC Store is important to the City because the City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute 75% of its profits to the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Brevard, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City of Brevard can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Brevard adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the council; 2) the final budget as amended by the council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – The City of Brevard has two kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations. This fund is the same as that function shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Brevard

Statement of Activities. *Internal Service Funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the City. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its self-insured employee health insurance program. Because this operation benefits predominantly governmental rather than business-type activities, the internal service fund has been included with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City of Brevard has two fiduciary funds: the OPEB reserve fund, which holds accumulates and holds assets to pay current and future costs associated with retiree health care benefits; and the T.L. Scruggs Scholarship fund, which accumulates donations and awards scholarships in honor of former City employee T.L. Scruggs.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 26 through 55 of this report.

The City of Brevard's Net position Figure 2

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Тс	otal	Total
	2017	As Restated 2016	2017	2016	2017	As Restated 2016	Percentage Change
Current and other assets	\$ 5,844,332	\$ 6,816,568	\$ 3,390,688	\$ 2,225,165	\$ 9,235,020	\$ 9,041,733	2%
Capital assets	7,489,085	6,550,421	34,706,736	23,740,448	42,195,821	30,290,869	39%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,086,207	263,724	267,683	77,519	1,353,890	341,243	297%
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	14,419,624	13,630,713	38,365,107	26,043,132	52,784,731	39,673,845	33%
Long-term liabilities	3,050,591	1,993,482	20,301,557	9,558,322	23,352,148	11,551,804	102%
Other liabilities	439,114	341,789	2,329,039	1,082,652	2,768,153	1,424,441	94%
Deferred inflows of resources	81,851	139,477	17,831	40,998	99,682	180,475	-45%
Total liabilities and deferred							
inflows of resources	3,571,556	2,474,748	22,648,427	10,681,972	26,219,983	13,156,720	99%
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	6,072,364	5,592,942	14,778,549	14,339,131	20,850,913	19,932,073	5%
Restricted	2,527,779	4,011,441	-	-	2,527,779	4,011,441	-37%
Unrestricted	2,247,925	1,551,582	938,131	1,022,029	3,186,056	2,573,611	24%
Total net position	\$10,848,068	\$11,155,965	\$15,716,680	\$15,361,160	\$ 26,564,748	\$26,517,125	0%

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the City of Brevard exceeded liabilities by \$26,564,748 as of June 30, 2017. The City's net position increased by \$47,623 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The largest portion (78%) of net position reflects the City's investment in capital assets, less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The City of Brevard uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Brevard's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Brevard's net position (10%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$3,186,056 (12%) is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations influenced the total governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 99.88% for the year ending June 30, 2017, property tax revenues increased slightly over the prior year as a result of continued economic improvements leading to growth in the tax base.
- Local option sales tax revenues increased approximately \$121,430 or 8.7%, mainly due to growth in local retail sales as a result of continued economic improvements since 2011.
- Total expenses increased by approximately \$1,443,673 or 9.8%. This was primarily due to careful management of the budget.

City of Brevard Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	otal	Total
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	Percentage Change
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,313,571	\$ 1,271,168	\$ 4,937,154	\$ 4,567,603	\$ 6,250,725	\$ 5,838,771	7%
Operating grants and contributions	345,202	342,242	-	-	345,202	342,242	1%
Capital grants and contributions	552,500	266,357	-	-	552,500	266,357	107%
General revenues:							
Property taxes	5,102,791	5,046,808	-	-	5,102,791	5,046,808	1%
Sales taxes	1,517,365	1,395,935	-	-	1,517,365	1,395,935	8.7%
Other	940,631	610,684	_		940,631	610,684	54%
Total revenues	9,772,060	8,933,194	4,937,154	4,567,603	14,709,214	13,500,797	9%
Expenses							
General government	1,833,281	1,829,619	-	-	1,833,281	1,829,619	0%
Public safety	3,668,786	3,319,061	-	-	3,668,786	3,319,061	11%
Public works	3,515,399	3,215,833	-	-	3,515,399	3,215,833	9%
Economic and physical development	885,850	122,409	-	-	885,850	122,409	624%
Culture and recreation	154,564	123,002	-	-	154,564	123,002	26%
Interest on long-term debt	22,077	26,360	-	-	22,077	26,360	-16%
Water and sewer			4,581,634	4,713,261	4,581,634	4,713,261	-3%
Total expenses	10,079,957	8,636,284	4,581,634	4,713,261	14,661,591	13,349,545	10%
Transfers	-	(394,000)	-	394,000	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	(307,897)	(97,090)	355,520	248,342	47,623	151,252	-69%
Net position, beginning, restated	11,155,965	11,253,055	15,361,160	15,112,818	26,517,125	26,365,873	
Net position, ending	\$ 10,848,068	\$ 11,155,965	\$ 15,716,680	\$ 15,361,160	\$ 26,564,748	\$ 26,517,125	-
							i

Management's Discussion and Analysis City of Brevard

Governmental activities. The City's net position decreased due to governmental activities by \$307,897. This decrease can be attributed to various capital projects that were in process during FY 2017

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the City of Brevard's net position by \$355,520. This increase can be attributed to revenue increases generated by reducing the minimum gallon threshold from 1,000 to 500 for water billing.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Brevard uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City of Brevard's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Brevard's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Brevard. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,820,002, while total fund balance reached \$5,582,797. City Council has determined that the City should maintain available fund balance of 30% of general fund budgeted expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the City. The City currently has an available fund balance of 46% of general fund budgeted expenditures, and total fund balance represents 67% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2017, the governmental funds of City of Brevard reported a combined fund balance of \$5,871,538 with a net decrease of \$376,527, which results from a \$390,172 increase in the General Fund and a combined decrease of \$766,699 in the other governmental funds. The increase in the General Fund can be attributed primarily to increases sales tax revenue. The decrease in other governmental funds can be attributed to budgeted capital outlay expenditures of approximately \$835,000.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Brevard's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer District at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$938,131. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Brevard's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City of Brevard revised the overall budget several times. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Brevard's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2017, totals \$41,829,238 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, infrastructure, equipment and vehicles.

Capital Asset Additions. Assets purchased included: several vehicles and miscellaneous pieces of equipment, water & sewer plant rehab and construction, and other capital projects. There were no major demolitions or disposals recorded this fiscal year. The major additions were associated with the construction in progress related to the city's various capital projects to upgrade existing water and sewer facilities as well as projects to improve infrastructure, sidewalks, and trails in and around the downtown area.

City of Brevard's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Government	al A	ctivities	E	Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities		To	otal		Total	
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016	Percentage Change	
Land	\$ 397,687	\$	319,893	\$	212,891	\$	212,891	\$	610,578	\$	532,784	15%	
Construction in progress	1,179,350		1,689,147	1	2,947,209		4,007,676	1	4,126,559		5,696,823	148%	
Buildings and infrastructure	4,120,435		3,139,118	1	9,612,578	1	9,111,743	2	23,733,013	2	2,250,861	7%	
Equipment	413,069		133,574		1,758,530		186,766		2,171,599		320,340	578%	
Vehicles and motorized eqiupment	1,011,961		1,268,689		175,528		221,372		1,187,489		1,490,061	-20%	
Total capital assets	\$ 7,122,502	\$	6,550,421	\$ 3	4,706,736	\$ 2	3,740,448	\$ 4	1,829,238	\$ 3	0,290,869	38%	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2017, the City of Brevard had no outstanding bonds. Debt increased for Governmental Activities by \$92,629 due to issuance of new debt of \$407,689 and principal repayment of \$315,030. For Business-Type Activities, debt increased by a net amount of \$10,526,870, mainly due to new borrowing for capital improvements for various water and sewer construction and rehabilitation projects.

City of Brevard's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities				
Installment contracts	\$ 957,479	\$ 407,689	\$ 315,030	\$ 1,050,138
Total	\$ 957,479	\$ 407,689	\$ 315,030	\$ 1,050,138
Business-Type Activities				
Installment contracts	\$ 306,354	\$ 135,545	\$ 79,508	\$ 362,391
Revolving loans	9,094,963	10,885,270	414,437	19,565,796
Total	\$ 9,401,317	\$ 11,020,815	\$ 493,945	\$ 19,928,187

The City of Brevard continues to strive to strengthen its financial position by maintaining a strong fund balance, reducing debt, and conservatively managing its budget.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the City of Brevard is approximately \$57 million. The City has no bonds authorized or un-issued at June 30, 2017.

Additional information regarding the City of Brevard's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic factors reflect the growth, prosperity and challenges facing the City of Brevard.

• Recent employment statistics are shown in the table below.

		June 2017 Uner	nployment Rates
	Labor	Number	Unemployment
County and State	Force	Unemployed	Rate
Transylvania	14,526	573	3.9%
Buncombe	136,376	4,357	3.2%
Henderson	52,790	1,871	3.5%
North Carolina	4,915,486	207,689	4.2%

Source: NC Department of Commerce – June 2017 Not Seasonally Adjusted

• Tourism remains a vital and growing part of the Brevard economy. Domestic tourism in Transylvania County generated an economic impact of \$94.62 million for the calendar year 2016. This was a \$5.76 million increase from 2015.

Transylvania County

Year	Tourism Revenue (\$ millions)	% Growth (Decline)
2012	80.92	5%
2013	84.26	4%
2014	86.41	3%
2015	88.86	3%
2016	94.62	6%

^{*}Source: Economic Development Partnership of North Carolina

• Property taxes for the City of Brevard are collected by Transylvania County. The collection rate has remained steady. The collection rate for the City remains above the statewide average for municipalities as illustrated in the numbers below.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
City of Brevard	99.60%	99.81%	99.88%	99.93%	99.98
Statewide	97.29%	97.34%	97.97%	98.60%	N/A

^{*}Source: State Treasurer's Office, Local Government Commission

• Within the City, sales tax generated from taxable sales increased 8.7% from \$1,395,935 in the fiscal year 2015-2016 to \$1,517,365 in the fiscal year 2016-2017.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018

General Fund

• The general fund budget as adopted for fiscal year 2017-2018 increased from \$9,374,097 to \$9,620,107. The significant factors affecting this increase are: capital improvements and increases in appropriations necessary to maintain services.

Water and Sewer Fund

- Management expects water usage in fiscal year 2017-2018 to remain consistent with fiscal year 2016-2017 or slightly increase. The charges for services were budgeted at approximately the same level with a fee schedule adjustment.
- The City of Brevard has in place a 20 year Capital Improvement Plan for the Utility Fund which describes in detail the revenue increases necessary to fund the renovation of aging plants and replacement of deteriorating water/sewer lines. The city further reduced the minimum bill threshold from 500 to 0 gallons effective July 1, 2017 to be used mainly for future capital improvements and servicing of new debt related to those improvements.

Other Information:

The following statistics were provided by the Transylvania County Building Permitting and Enforcement Department for the calendar year ending December 31, 2016:

Detailed Residential Construction Value 2016

New home value: City - 24 homes - \$5,514,372 New home value: County - 80 homes - \$34,134,142

Addition/Remodel Value: City - 81 homes - \$3,508,153 Addition/Remodel Value: County - 208 homes - \$15,783,507

Manufactured Homes: City - 6 homes - \$266,896 Manufactured Homes: County - 36 homes - \$1,567,967

Detailed Residential Construction Value 2015

New home value: City - 15 homes - \$3,924,000 New home value: County - 67 homes - \$27,993,000

Addition/Remodel Value: City - 68 homes - \$2,822,000 Addition/Remodel Value: County - 197 homes - \$11,279,000

Manufactured Homes: City - 2 homes - \$63,000 Manufactured Homes: County - 26 homes - \$1,099,000

The number of new house permits in 2016 compared to 2015 was up 27%. The number of new house permits in 2016 compared to 2012 was up 42%. Total construction value in 2016 compared to 2012 was up 126%.

Construction Values for last 5 years in the City of Brevard

2016 - \$ 26,094,691 2015 - \$ 23,975,307 2014 - \$ 9,523,643 2013 - \$ 10,608,122 2012 - \$ 9,555,894

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the City Finance Director as follows:

James Fatland, CPFO, NCCLGFO, City Manager and Finance Director City of Brevard
95 W. Main Street
Brevard, N. C. 28712
828-885-5600
828-883-2853 - Fax
jim.fatland@cityofbrevard.com
www.cityofbrevard.com

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Page		June 30, 201	/		C 4
Reaction Reaction Relinance of Action Relinance of Action Relinance of Action Action Action Action Total Based Action \$4,176,756 \$380,508 \$4,572,64 \$309,148 Cash and selequivalents \$13,330 \$1,503 \$1.00 Accounts receivable (net) \$115,777 \$43,684 \$52,622 \$2.00 Due from other governments \$970,299 \$2,480,84 \$35,109 \$2.48,084 Due from fiduciary flund \$15 \$1 \$3.50 \$2.48,084 Prepaid tems \$2,331 \$1,466 \$35,509 \$10,600 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$360,833 \$78,105 \$600,600 \$10,600 Prepaid tems \$2,331 \$1,466 \$35,509 \$10,600 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$3,608 \$7,810 \$2,300,608 \$2,330,008 \$2,350,009 \$10,600 Restricted cash and cash equivalents \$3,608 \$2,310,608 \$2,350,009 \$1,606,609 \$2,500,609 \$1,606,609		P	rimary Governme	nt	
Current assets			* *	Total	Brevard ABC
Current asserts: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,176,756 \$ 380,508 \$ 4,557,264 \$ 309,143 Taxes receivable (net) 13,330 - 13,330 - Accounts receivable (net) 115,777 436,845 552,622 - Due from other governments 970,299 2,480,894 3,451,193 - Due from other governments 54,208 1315 - Inventories 54,208 14,266 35,579 11,060 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 490,834 78,175 560,009 - Total current assets - 366,583 9,235,020 604,695 Non-current assets - 366,583 - 366,583 - 366,583 - Capital assets. 1 13,160,100 14,737,137 -	ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Doard
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 4,176,756 \$ 380,508 \$ 4,557,264 \$ 309,143 Taxes receivable (net) 13,330 - 13,330 - Accrued interest receivable on taxes 1,500 - 1,500 - Accounts receivable (net) 115,777 436,845 552,622 - Due from other governments 970,299 2,480,894 3,451,193 - Due from fiduciary fund 315 - 515 1,068 Inventories 5,4,08 - 56,009 - Prepaid items 21,313 14,266 35,579 11,068 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 490,834 78,175 569,009 - Total creat assets 5,844,332 3,390,688 9235,020 604,695 Non-current assets - 366,583 - 366,583 - Copital assets - - 366,583 - - 287,500 Long-term notes receivable 36,583 34,706,736 24,195,821 87,500					
Taxes receivable (net)		\$ 4.176.756	\$ 380.508	\$ 4.557.264	\$ 309.143
Accound interest receivable on taxes	<u>-</u>		-		-
Accounts receivable (net) 115,777 436,845 552,622 - Due from other governments 970,299 2,480,894 3,451,193 - 2 Due from fiduciary fund 315 - 315 - 315 Inventories 54,208 - 54,208 284,484 78,106 35,579 11,068 78,175 78,000 - 7 78,175 7		· ·	-	· ·	-
Due from other governments 970,299 2,480,894 3,451,193 - Due from fiduciary fund Inventories 54,208 - 34,208 284,484 Prepaid items 21,313 14,266 35,579 11,068 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 490,834 78,175 569,009 - Total current assets - 366,583 - 366,583 - Long-term notes receivable 366,583 - 366,583 - Capital assets: Land, non-depreciable improvements & construction in progress 1,577,037 13,160,100 14,737,137 - Other capital assets, net of depreciation 5,544,655 21,546,636 27,092,101 87,500 Total non-current assets 7,489,085 34,706,736 42,195,821 87,500 Total sessets 1,086,207 267,683 1,333,890 46,719 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 1,086,207 267,683 1,353,890 46,719 LABILITIES Current liabilities: <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>436,845</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			436,845		-
Due from fiduciary fund		· ·	2,480,894		-
Prepaid items 21,313 14,266 35,579 11,068 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 490,834 78,175 569,009 - Total current assets 5,844,332 3,390,688 9,235,020 604,695 Non-current assets: Long-term notes receivable 366,583 366,583 - Capital assets: Land, non-depreciable improvements & construction in progress 1,577,037 13,160,100 14,737,137 - Other capital assets, net of depreciation 5,545,465 21,546,636 27,092,101 87,500 Total non-current assets 7,489,085 34,706,736 42,195,821 87,500 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 1,086,207 267,683 1,353,890 46,719 LABILITIES Current liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - <td>Due from fiduciary fund</td> <td>315</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Due from fiduciary fund	315	-		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Inventories	54,208	-	54,208	284,484
Non-current assets	Prepaid items	21,313	14,266	35,579	11,068
Non-current assets: Long-term notes receivable 366,583 - 3	Restricted cash and cash equivalents				
Long-term notes receivable 366,583 -	Total current assets	5,844,332	3,390,688	9,235,020	604,695
Long-term notes receivable 366,583 -	Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:		366 583		366 583	
construction in progress 1,577,037 13,160,100 14,737,137 - Other capital assets, net of depreciation 5,545,465 21,546,636 27,092,101 87,500 Total non-current assets 7,489,085 34,706,736 42,195,821 87,500 Total assets 13,333,417 38,097,424 51,430,841 692,195 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 1,086,207 267,683 1,353,890 46,719 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 2 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilitity LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 -	Capital assets:	300,383	-	300,363	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation 5,545,465 21,546,636 27,092,101 87,500 Total non-current assets 7,489,085 34,706,736 42,195,821 87,500 Total assets 13,333,417 38,097,424 51,430,841 692,195 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 1,086,207 267,683 1,353,890 46,719 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: - 78,175 78,175 - Net pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - <tr< td=""><td></td><td>1 577 037</td><td>13 160 100</td><td>14 737 137</td><td>_</td></tr<>		1 577 037	13 160 100	14 737 137	_
Total non-current assets 7,489,085 34,706,736 42,195,821 87,500 13,333,417 38,097,424 51,430,841 692,195					87.500
Total assets 13,333,417 38,097,424 51,430,841 692,195 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 1,086,207 267,683 1,353,890 46,719 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239 Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 1,086,207 267,683 1,353,890 46,719 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilitities: - 78,175 78,175 - Net pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 9					
Pension deferrals 1,086,207 267,683 1,353,890 46,719 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: - 78,175 78,175 - Net pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 Net		- 9 9			
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: Total pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: St		1.006.207	267.692	1 252 900	46.710
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: - 81,851 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 -		1,080,207	207,083	1,333,890	40,/19
Accounts payable 287,820 2,222,837 2,510,657 375,925 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: - 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: 313,165 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 17,227 165,921 - Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: - 80,603 1,509,405 49,663 Net pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,00		207.020	2 222 22	2.510.655	255.025
Customer deposits - 78,175 78,175 - Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: Stream liabilities: - 1,509,405 49,663 Net pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 -	* *				375,925
Accrued interest payable 2,600 10,800 13,400 - Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>148,694</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></tr<>		148,694			-
Net pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 539,753 - 73,752 -		2 600			-
Net pension liability (LGERS) 1,204,576 304,829 1,509,405 49,663 Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 -	* *	2,000	10,800	13,400	-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA) 539,753 - 539,753 - Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239	_	1 204 576	204 920	1 500 405	40.662
Due within one year 512,211 644,662 1,156,873 - Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239	÷ ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	, ,	304,829		49,003
Due in more than one year 794,051 19,352,066 20,146,117 - Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239			-		-
Total liabilities 3,489,705 22,630,596 26,120,301 425,588 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239			· ·		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239	•				125 500
Pension deferrals 81,851 17,831 99,682 6,120 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239		3,489,703	22,030,390	20,120,301	423,388
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239					
Net investment in capital assets 6,072,364 14,778,549 20,850,913 87,500 Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239	Pension deferrals	81,851	17,831	99,682	6,120
Restricted for: Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239	NET POSITION				
Stabilization by State statute 2,109,571 - 2,109,571 - Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239		6,072,364	14,778,549	20,850,913	87,500
Streets 133,165 - 133,165 - Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239					
Economic and physical development 86,827 - 86,827 - Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239	•		-		-
Public safety 193,363 - 193,363 102,467 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239			-		-
Perpetual maintenance 4,853 - 4,853 - Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239			=		-
Unrestricted 2,247,925 938,131 3,186,056 117,239			-		102,467
			-		-
1 otal net position \$ 10,848,068 \$ 15,716,680 \$ 26,564,748 \$ 307,206					
	Total net position	\$ 10,848,068	\$ 15,716,680	\$ 26,564,748	\$ 307,206

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 Statement of Activities

			0						C	Component	onent
						Pr	Primary Government	ernment		Unit	it
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capit	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	s-type		City of Brevard ABC	/ of 1 ABC
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions		Contributions	Activities	Activities	ities	Total	Board	rd
Primary Government:											
Governmental Activities:	4 1 833 281	<i></i>	€	¥	,	(1 833 281)	€		(1 833 281)	¥	ı
Public safety		2 085	121		ı)	ı)	,
Public works	3.515.399	1.272.930	224,153	. ~	,	(2,018,316)		,	(2,018,316)		
Economic and physical development	885,850				552,500	(333,350)		,	(333,350)		,
Cultural and recreation	154,564	38,556	ı		, 1	(116,008)		ı	(116,008)		ı
Interest on long-term debt	22,077		1	·	1	(22,077)		ı	(22,077)		ı
Total Governmental Activities	10,079,957	1,313,571	345,202	7	552,500	(7,868,684)		ı	(7,868,684)		ı
Business-Type Activities:	7 581 634	A 037 15A						355 570	355 520		
Total Business-Type Activities	4.581.634	4.937.154			 	1		355.520	355.520		
Total Primary Government	\$ 14,661,591	\$ 6.250,725	\$ 345,202	8	552,500	(7.868.684)		355,520	(7.513,164)		
Commonwell Inst.											
ABC Board	\$ 3,448,252	\$ 3,457,114	ı ≶	\$	ı	1		ı	1		8,862
Total Component Unit	\$ 3,448,252	\$ 3,457,114	€	8		1		1	1		8,862
	General revenues:										
	Taxes:										
	Property taxes, levied for	s, levied for gener	general purpose			5,102,791		,	5,102,791		,
	Sales taxes					1,517,365			1,517,365		,
	Other taxes					576,145			576,145		ı
	Grants and con	Grants and contributions not restricted to a specific program	ricted to a specifi	c program		286,176			286,176		
	Unrestricted in	Unrestricted investment earnings				10,664			10,664		185
	Gain on sale of capital asset	capital assets				24,624			24,624		,
	Miscellaneous					43,022			43,022		ı
	Total gener	Total general revenues				7,560,787			7,560,787		185
	Change ir	Change in net position				(307,897)	3	355,520	47,623		9,047
	Net position, beg	Net position, beginning, as previously reported	sly reported			11,246,397	15,3	15,361,160	26,607,557	2	298,159
	Restatement (Notes 18 and 19)	es 18 and 19)			ļ	(90,432)			(90,432)		,
	Net position, beg	Net position, beginning, as restated				11,155,965	15,3	15,361,160	26,517,125	2	298,159
	Net position, ending	ding			3	3 10,848,068	\$ 15,7	15,716,680	\$ 26,564,748	\$ 3	307,206

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

Major Fund Multi-Use Paths Total Governmental **Capital Project Total Non-Major Funds General Fund Fund Funds ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents, unrestricted \$ 3,742,894 \$ 142,862 \$ 291,000 4,176,756 Cash and cash equivalents, restricted 313,954 176,880 490,834 Taxes receivable, net 13,330 13,330 Accounts receivable, net 78,890 7,150 86,040 Due from other governments 966,629 3,670 970,299 Due from other funds 650,315 650,315 Due from internal service fund 36,657 36,657 Inventories 54,208 54,208 Notes receivable 366,583 366,583 Total assets \$ 5,856,877 \$ 142,862 \$ 845,283 \$ 6,845,022 **LIABILITIES** Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 112,056 30,816 18,588 161,460 Salaries and payroll taxes payable 148,694 148,694 Due to the general fund 650,000 650,000 Total liabilities 260,750 680,816 18,588 960,154 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Taxes receivable, net 13,330 13,330 **FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)** Nonspendable: Inventories 54,208 54,208 Perpetual maintenance 55,440 55,440 Restricted: Stabilization by State statute 1,732,491 377,080 2,109,571 133,165 Streets 133,165 180,789 12,574 193,363 Public safety Economic and physical development 86,827 86,827 Perpetual maintenance 4,853 4,853 Committed: Capital projects 523,836 289,921 813,757 Assigned: Subsequent year's expenditures 138,306 138,306 Unassigned 2,820,002 (537,954)2,282,048 (537,954)Total fund balances (deficit) 5,582,797 826,695 5,871,538 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficit) 142,862 845.283 6,845,022

5,856,877

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Gross capital assets at historical cost \$15,379,345	
Accumulated depreciation (8,256,843)	7,122,502
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	1,086,207
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund, which is used by management to charge	
the cost of insurance to individual funds, are included in governmental activities in the	(122.200)
statement of net position.	(133,280)
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financials uses and therefore	
are not reported in the funds.	
Installment obligations \$ (1,050,138)	
Other post-employment benefits 21,313	
Net pension liability - LGERS (1,204,576)	
Total pension liability - LEOSSA (539,753)	
Compensated absences (256,124)	(3,029,278)
Taxes and interest receivable are considered deferred inflows of resources in the funds	14,830
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	(81,851)
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(2,600)
Net position of governmental activities \$	10,848,068

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Majo	r Funds	i							
	Ger	neral Fund	1 3		Capital Project Total Non-		ct Total Non- Go		Go	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES				-							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	4,634,974	\$	-	\$	471,672	\$	5,106,646			
Other taxes and licenses		1,552,665		-		-		1,552,665			
Unrestricted intergovernmental		827,021		-		-		827,021			
Restricted intergovernmental		305,038		12,500		580,164		897,702			
Sales and services		1,313,571		-		-		1,313,571			
Investment earnings		10,474		-		190		10,664			
Miscellaneous		28,032		-		14,990		43,022			
Total revenues		8,671,775		12,500		1,067,016		9,751,291			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		1,741,543		-		-		1,741,543			
Public safety		2,750,679		-		690,708		3,441,387			
Public works		3,216,170		-		-		3,216,170			
Economic and physical development		-		249,434		636,416		885,850			
Cultural and recreation		102,592		-		-		102,592			
Capital outlay		-		631,785		202,897		834,682			
Debt service:											
Principal retirement		98,780		-		216,250		315,030			
Interest and other charges		6,976		_		15,901		22,877			
Total expenditures		7,916,740		881,219		1,762,172		10,560,131			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		755,035	1	(868,719)		(695,156)		(808,840)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers from other funds		4,502		128,000		547,176		679,678			
Transfers to other funds		(679,678)		-		-		(679,678)			
Installment obligations issued		285,689		-		122,000		407,689			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		24,624		-		-		24,624			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(364,863)		128,000		669,176		432,313			
Net change in fund balance		390,172		(740,719)		(25,980)		(376,527)			
Fund balances, beginning, as originally stated		5,192,625		202,765		482,915		5,878,305			
Restatement (Note 18)				-		369,760		369,760			
Fund balances, beginning, as restated		5,192,625		202,765		852,675		6,248,065			
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$	5,582,797	\$	(537,954)	\$	826,695	\$	5,871,538			

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (376,527)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized \$ 1,152,565 Depreciation expense for governmental assets (580,484)	572,081
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	262,575
Benefit payments paid for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities	28,420
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable tax revenues	(3,855)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences accrued Pension expense - LGERS Pension expense - LEO Other postemployment benefits 7,017 (46,631) (46,631)	(382,029)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Installment obligations issued (407,689) Principal payments on long-term debt 315,030 Decrease in accrued interest payable 800	(91,859)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of health insurance to the individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	(316,703)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (307,897)

Variance with

CITY OF BREVARD, NORTH CAROLINA

GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Bud	lget Final Bud	lget Actual Amount:	Final Budget Positive s (Negative)
Revenues:				(1.18)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 4,545,3	52 \$ 4,539	,152 \$ 4,634,974	\$ 95,822
Other taxes and licenses	1,345,0	1,467	,000 1,552,665	85,665
Unrestricted intergovernmental	780,0	791	,200 827,021	35,821
Restricted intergovernmental	358,0	304	,000 305,038	1,038
Sales and services	1,353,1	50 1,388	,150 1,269,043	(119,107)
Investment earnings	5,1	00 5	,100 10,474	5,374
Miscellaneous	6,0	30	,000 28,032	(1,968)
Total revenues	8,392,6	8,524	,602 8,627,247	102,645
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	1,643,0	1,818	,891 1,729,543	89,348
Public safety	2,815,5	2,833	,521 2,750,679	82,842
Public works	3,460,2	3,490	,310 3,216,170	274,140
Cultural and recreation	101,3	116	,316 102,592	13,724
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	149,1		,136 98,780	· ·
Interest and other charges	15,1		,100 6,976	· ·
OPEB expense:	12,0		,000 12,000	
Contingency	6,1		,139 -	6,139
Total expenditures	8,202,5	8,441	,413 7,916,740	524,673
Revenues over expenditures	190,0	83 83	,189 710,507	627,318
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from other funds	1	00	100 4,502	4,402
Transfers to other funds	(641,6	(641)	,678) (641,678)) -
Proceeds from issuance of installment obligations	323,9	95 323	,995 285,689	(38,306)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		24	,000 24,624	624
Total other financing sources (uses)	(317,5	(293)	,583) (326,863)	(33,280)
Fund balance appropriated	127,5	210	,394 -	(210,394)
Revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ -	- \$	383,644	\$ 383,644
Fund balance, beginning			4,675,317	_
Fund balance, ending			5,058,961	
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund is consolidated Impact fees and donations Transfers to other funds Fund balance, beginning (Capital Reserve Fund) Fund balance, ending (Exhibit 4)	ed into the Ger	neral Fund for repo	44,528 (38,000 517,308) -
Fund balance, ending (Exhibit 4)			\$ 5,582,797	_

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Fund Net Position June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
	Water and Sewer Fund	Health Insurance Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents, unrestricted	\$ 380,508	\$ -
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	78,175	-
Accounts receivable (net)	436,845	29,737
Due from other governments	2,480,894	-
Prepaid expenses	14,266	
Total current assets	3,390,688	29,737
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:		
Land and other non-depreciable assets	13,160,100	_
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	21,546,636	_
Capital assets (net)	34,706,736	
Total assets	38,097,424	29,737
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension deferrals	267,683	_
	201,003	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:	2 222 927	127.270
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,222,837	126,360
Salaries and payroll taxes payable	17,227	26.657
Due to the general fund	70 175	36,657
Customer deposits Accrued interest	78,175	-
	10,800 65,963	-
Compensated absences - current Installment contracts and revolving loan, current	578,699	-
Total current liabilities	2,973,701	163,017
	2,973,701	103,017
Noncurrent liabilities:	204.020	
Net pension liability	304,829	-
Compensated absences	2,578	-
Installment contracts and revolving loan, noncurrent	19,349,488	
Total noncurrent liabilities	19,656,895	162.017
Total liabilities	22,630,596	163,017
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension deferrals	17,831	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	14,778,549	-
Unrestricted	938,131	(133,280)
Total net position	\$ 15,716,680	\$ (133,280)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ent	erprise Fund	Internal Service Fund Health Insurance Fund		
	Wat	ter and Sewer Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES				_	
Charges for services	\$	4,637,828	\$	1,181,576	
Water and sewer taps		31,984		-	
Grant revenue		45,750		-	
Other operating revenues		221,592		-	
Total operating revenues	-	4,937,154		1,181,576	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Water treatment and distribution		1,290,632		-	
Waste collection and treatment		1,852,738		-	
Payment to general fund in lieu of taxes & admin expenses		575,000		-	
Depreciation		751,149		-	
Claims		-		1,063,128	
Insurance premiums		-		179,518	
Other operating expenses		28,258		255,633	
Total operating expenses		4,497,777		1,498,279	
Operating income (loss)		439,377		(316,703)	
NONOPERATING EXPENSES					
Interest expense		(83,857)			
Total nonoperating expenses		(83,857)		-	
Change in net position		355,520		(316,703)	
Total net position, beginning		15,361,160		183,423	
Total net position, ending	\$	15,716,680	\$	(133,280)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise funds.					
Change in net position - business-type activities	\$	355,520			

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ente	erprise Fund	Internal Service Fund		
	Water and Sewer Fund		Health Insurance Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received from customers	\$	4,939,797	\$	1,170,559	
Cash paid for goods and services		(2,411,319)		(1,440,201)	
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(1,303,040)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,225,438		(269,642)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Due to the general fund		_		36,657	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-		36,657	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(10,495,982)		-	
Proceeds from issuance of debt		11,020,815		-	
Due to the general fund		(1,589,276)		-	
Reimbursements due from other governments		801,535		-	
Principal paid on installment obligation		(493,945)		-	
Interest paid on installment obligation		(89,157)		-	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(846,010)			
				_	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		379,428		(232,985)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		79,255		232,985	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	458,683	\$		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	439,377	\$	(316,703)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation		751,149		_	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		731,149		-	
Accounts receivable		3,723		(11,017)	
Prepaid expenses		(2,077)		(11,017)	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(190,164)		_	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		31,312		58,078	
Net pension liability		225,950		-	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(23,167)		_	
Customer deposits		(1,080)		-	
Accrued vacation		(9,585)		-	
Total adjustments		786,061		47,061	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,225,438	\$	(269,642)	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2017

	OPEB Reserve Fund		T.L. Scruggs Scholarship Fund		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	\$	194,057	\$	23,704	
LIABILITIES Due to general fund	\$		\$	315	
NET POSITION Assets held for retiree health benefits Assets held for adminsistration of scholarship fund		194,057 -		23,389	
	\$	194,057	\$	23,389	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	OPEB Reserve Fund		T.L. Scruggs Scholarship Fund		
ADDITIONS		_		_	
Employer contributions	\$	18,750	\$	-	
Restricted donations		-		17,245	
		18,750		17,245	
Investment income					
Interest		39		2	
Total additions		18,789		17,247	
DEDUCTIONS					
Expenditures		-		7,114	
Scholarships awarded				400	
Total deductions		-		7,514	
Change in net position		18,789		9,733	
Net position, beginning		175,268		13,656	
Net position, ending	\$	194,057	\$	23,389	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Brevard and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Brevard is a municipal corporation which is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, City of Brevard ABC Board, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

City of Brevard ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the City (75%) and to Transylvania County (25%). The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at City of Brevard ABC Board, P.O. Box 1016, Brevard, NC 28712.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies,

result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state grants, state sales taxes, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services. Additionally, the City has legally adopted a Capital Reserve Fund. Under GASB 54 guidance the Capital Reserve Fund is consolidated in the General Fund. The budgetary comparison for the Capital Reserve Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

Multi-Use Path Capital Project Fund. This fund accounts for grant funds received for the development of several sidewalk and bike path projects.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds. The City has four special revenue funds. The Special Fire District Fund is used to account for the City's fire department operations. The Heart of Brevard Municipal Services District Fund accounts for the receipt of tax revenue which is legally restricted to expenditures for specific activities related to the Heart of Brevard. The Emergency Telephone System Fund accounts for funds allocated from the State 911 Board for operations of and improvements to the 911 system. The Housing Trust Fund accumulates loan repayments made to the City as a result of affordable housing grants obtained by the City and loaned to the Developers of two different housing complexes.

Capital Projects Funds. Capital projects funds account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary fund). The City has two non-major capital project funds: the Downtown Master Plan Project Fund and the Rosenwald Revitalization Project Fund.

Permanent Fund. The Bjerg Non-expendable Trust Fund accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity for the maintenance of a specific neighborhood's common property.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's water and sewer operations. This fund also covers acquisition and construction of major water and sewer capital facilities and infrastructure, which are accounted for in the Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund that is combined with the Water and Sewer Fund (the operating fund) for financial statement purposes. The non-GAAP budgetary comparison for the capital project fund has been included in the supplementary information.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund. The internal service fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the City's self-insured group health insurance program.

OPEB Reserve Fund. A fiduciary fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds and the payment of benefit costs related to retiree health benefits.

T.L. Scruggs Scholarship Fund. A fiduciary fund is used to account for the collection of donations and the payment of scholarships in memory of former City employee T.L. Scruggs.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes, and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and

held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the City of Brevard because the tax is levied by Transylvania County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Special Fire District Fund, the Emergency Telephone System Fund, the Heart of Brevard Special Municipal Services District Fund, the Nonexpendable Bjerg Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund, the Multi-Use Paths Capital Project Fund, the Rosenwald Revitalization Capital Project Fund, the Downtown Master Plan Capital Project Fund, and the Water and Sewer Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. A project ordinance is adopted for the Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund. The Water and Sewer Capital Project fund is consolidated with the operating fund for reporting purposes. The City's Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, operates under a financial plan that was adopted by the governing board at the time the City's budget ordinance was approved, as is required by the General Statutes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year fund. The Budget Officer is authorized to reallocate departmental appropriations within a department, as said officer believes necessary. The Budget Officer is authorized to effect interdepartmental transfers, in the same fund, provided that no departmental budget shall be reduced by more than ten percent without the prior approval of the City Council. Any such transfers shall be reported to the City Council at its next regular meeting and shall be entered in the minutes. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. All amendments to the budget ordinance must be approved by the City Council.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City and of the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The City and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City and ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year

or less are reported at amortized cost.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include monies or other resources, the use of which is restricted by legal or contractual requirements. The unexpended balance of forfeiture funds, fire district funds, and emergency telephone system funds for Public Safety are classified as restricted assets for the governmental activities because their use is completely restricted for which the funds were intended. In addition, Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purpose of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

City of Brevard Restricted Cash

nental activities:	Governmental
incinal activitie	OUVETIMIETICA.

General Fund		
Streets	\$	133,165
Public safety		180,789
Fire District Fund		
Public safety		20,577
Heart of Brevard Municipal Service District Fu	nd	
Economic and physical development		3,849
Emergency Telephone System Fund		
Public safety		5,334
Housing Trust Capital Project fund		
Economic and physical development		86,827
Bjerg Trust Fund		
Perpetual maintenance		60,293
Total governmental activities		490,834
Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer Fund		
Customer deposits		78,175
Total business-type activities		78,175
		_
Total Restricted Cash	\$	569,009

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years. Outstanding balances for inactive customer accounts for trash collection service and water and sewer service were deemed by management to be written off during the current fiscal year. These amounts have been removed from the applicable gross receivable balances and therefore will not be shown as part of the allowance. The allowance shown related to these receivables only includes outstanding balances of active customers.

6. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

The inventories of the City and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The City's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the City of Brevard ABC Board consist of merchandise held for resale. The cost of these inventories is expensed upon resale rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, infrastructure, furniture, equipment, and vehicles, \$5,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or other constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	10-75 years
Buildings	15-50 years
Building improvements	20-50 years
Vehicles	4-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Computer equipment	3-5 years

Capital assets of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	15-50 years
Vehicles	4-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Computer equipment	3-5 years

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has one item that meets this criterion, pension deferrals for the 2017 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has two items that meets the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The vacation policy for the ABC Board provide up to twenty days earned vacation with no accumulation allowed. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. The ABC Board's sick leave policy provides no accumulation of sick leave. Since neither the City nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Perpetual maintenance – portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents funds which are held for specific purposes imposed by a trust for maintenance of the City.

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for stabilization by State statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for public safety – portion of the fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public safety. This amount represents the balance of total unexpended drug forfeiture funds.

Restricted for streets – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for economic development – portion of fund balance that is restricted to use on affordable housing per terms of grant agreements.

Restricted for perpetual maintenance – portion of fund balance that represents investment earnings from the nonspendable Bjerg Trust Fund that is restricted for maintenance of a specific neighborhood's common property.

Committed fund balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific

purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the City of Brevard's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority.) The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Capital projects – portion of capital reserve fund committed to City improvements as well as portion of capital project fund balance that represents funds contributed by the City for certain projects.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the City of Brevard intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance – portion of total fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Brevard has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Director will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-City funds, City funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are typically spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director has the authority to deviate from this if it is in the best interest of the City.

The City of Brevard has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 30% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 30% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the City in a future budget.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City of Brevard and the ABC Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and both the City and the ABC Board have a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (FRSWPF) and additions to/deductions from FRSWPF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by FRSWPF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

1. Deficit Fund Balance in Multi-Use Paths Capital Project Fund

The Multi-Use Paths Capital Project Fund has a deficit fund balance of (\$537,954) as of June 30, 2017. The primary reason for the deficit is a \$650,000 interfund loan due from the project fund to the General Fund. An ordinance has been adopted requiring the project fund to pay back the General Fund in annual installments of \$45,000 per year through fiscal year ending June 30, 2032. The City Council has authorized a property tax increase that will be designated to repay the General Fund.

2. Excess of Expenditures over Financial Plan

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the expenditures made in the City's Insurance Internal Service Fund exceeded the financial plan authorized by the governing board by \$70,044. This over-expenditure occurred because of a larger than expected accrual of claims incurred but not paid as of June 30, 2017. Management and the Board will more closely review the financial plan to actual reports as well as reports of unpaid claims to ensure compliance with the financial plan in future years.

Note 3 – Cash and Investments

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,670,248 and a bank balance of \$2,735,004. Of the bank balance, \$324,971 was covered by federal depository insurance and the

remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$309,143 and the bank balance was \$281,012. Federal depository insurance covered \$250,000 of the ABC Board's deposits, and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method.

The City also had cash on hand at June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$650.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2017, the City of Brevard had funds with a carrying amount and bank balance of \$2,673,136 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk – The City has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk – The City has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the City's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible rating whenever particular types of securities are rated.

At June 30, 2017, the ABC Board held no investments.

3. Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as shown on the government-wide statement of net position is as follows:

Reported value of deposits	\$ 2,670,248
Petty cash	650
Fair value of investments	2,673,136
	\$ 5,344,034
Statement of Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,557,264
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	569,009
	5,126,273
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	217,761
	\$ 5,344,034

Note 4 - Receivables - Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The amount of taxes receivable presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position does not include any penalties levied or outstanding. The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2017 is net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

<u>Funds</u> General Fund

Allowance for uncollectible property taxes receivable

Allowance for uncollectible trash services receivable

\$ 11,000 800

Water and Sewer Fund

Allowance for uncollectible water and sewer services receivable \$ 4,300

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 319,893	\$ 77,794	\$ -	\$ 397,687
Construction in progress	1,689,147	1,586,957	2,096,754	1,179,350
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,009,040	1,664,751	2,096,754	1,577,037
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and infrastructure	5,366,634	1,131,186	-	6,497,820
Equipment	1,169,240	338,097	-	1,507,337
Vehicles and motorized equipment	5,759,582	115,285	77,716	5,797,151
Total capital assets being depreciated	12,295,456	1,584,568	77,716	13,802,308
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and infrastructure	2,227,516	149,869	-	2,377,385
Equipment	1,035,666	58,602	-	1,094,268
Vehicles and motorized equipment	4,490,893	372,013	77,716	4,785,190
Total accumulated depreciation	7,754,075	580,484	77,716	8,256,843
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,541,381			5,545,465
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,550,421			\$ 7,122,502

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 87,503
Public safety	325,913
Public works	115,096
Cultural and recreational	51,972
Total depreciation expense	\$ 580,484

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:				
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 212,891	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 212,891
Construction in progress	4,007,676	10,976,535	2,037,002	12,947,209
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,220,567	10,976,535	2,037,002	13,160,100
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant and distribution systems	27,740,366	932,553	-	28,672,919
Maintenance equipment and furniture	850,356	1,845,351	-	2,695,707
Vehicles	1,026,479			1,026,479
Total capital assets being depreciated	29,617,201	2,777,904		32,395,105
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution systems	8,628,623	431,718	-	9,060,341
Maintenance equipment and furniture	663,590	273,587	-	937,177
Vehicles	805,107	45,844		850,951
Total accumulated depreciation	10,097,320	751,149		10,848,469
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,519,881			21,546,636
Water and sewer fund capital assets, net	\$ 23,740,448			\$ 34,706,736

Construction commitments:

The government has the following commitments with contractors for active construction projects as of June 30, 2017:

		Remaining
Project	Spent-to-Date	Commitment
Neely Road pump station, force main	\$ 10,335,638	\$ 2,626,557
Kings Creek sewer project phase II	972,748	432,452
Kings Creek sewer project phase III	1,160,271	272,804
Kings Creek Bridge (Railroad Ave.)	169,650	85,072
West Loop Project	151,335	17,494
	\$ 12,789,642	\$ 3,434,379

Discretely presented component unit:

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	В	eginning]	Ending
	В	alances	Inc	reases	Deci	reases	В	alances
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Leasehold improvements	\$	120,789	\$	-	\$	-	\$	120,789
Furniture and equipment		129,999		4,679		-		134,678
Vehicle		11,979		-		-		11,979
Total capital assets being depreciated		262,767		4,679		-		267,446
Less accumulated depreciation		160,728		19,218				179,946
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	102,039					\$	87,500

Note 6 – Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Brevard is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable

service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. City of Brevard employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City of Brevard's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 8.0% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.34% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Brevard were \$328,218 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Refunds of Contributions – City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$1,509,405 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 0.07112%, which was a decrease of 0.00625% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$413,984. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	of Resources of Reso		Lesources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	28,359	\$	52,891
Changes of assumptions		103,381		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		834,511		-
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		31,001		35,404
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		328,218		
Total	\$	1,325,470	\$	88,295

\$328,218 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	\$ 908,957
Thereafter	-
2022	-
2021	231,871
2020	390,048
2019	143,525
2018	143,513
Year ended June 30:	

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
City's Proportionate share of the net			
Pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,582,521	\$ 1,509,405	\$ (222,217)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The City of Brevard administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2015 (valuation date), the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	23
Total	27

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria that are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2015, valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 3.86 percent

4. Contributions

The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$58,897 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

5. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2017, the City reported a total pension liability of \$539,753. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 based on a December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$46,631.

	 ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ -	\$	- 11,387	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	28,420		-	
Total	\$ 28,420	\$	11,387	

\$28,420 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	\$ (2,301)
2019	(2,301)
2020	(2,301)
2021	(2,301)
2022	(2,183)
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (11,387)

Sensitivity of the City's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.86 percent) than the current rate:

Total pension liability	1% Decrease (2.86%) \$ 588,772	Discount Rate (3.86%) \$ 539,753	1% Increase (4.86%) \$ 495,709
		2017	
Beginning balance	\$	563,585	
Service cost		29,666	
Interest on the pension liability		19,069	
Changes of benefit terms		-	
Differences between expected and atual experi	ience	-	
in the measurement of the total pension liabil	lity	-	
Change of assumption or other inputs		(13,688)	
Benefit payments		(58,879)	
Other changes			
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	539,753	

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to

reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan description – The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Officer of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy – Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The City made contributions of \$59,061 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

Firefighter's and Rescue Squad Worker's Pension Fund

Plan Description. The State of North Carolina contributes, on behalf of the City of Brevard, to the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (FRSWPF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. FRSWPF provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers who have elected to become members of the fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. FRSWPF provides retirement and survivor benefits. The present retirement benefit is \$170 per month. Plan members are eligible to receive the monthly benefit at age 55 with 20 years of creditable service as a firefighter or rescue squad worker, and have terminated duties as a firefighter or rescue squad worker. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die before beginning to receive the benefit will receive the amount paid by the member and contributions paid on the member's behalf into the plan. Eligible beneficiaries of members who die after beginning to receive benefits will be paid the amount the member contributed minus the benefits collected.

Contributions. Plan members are required to contribute \$10 per month to the plan. The State, a non-employer contributor, funds the plan through appropriations. The City does not contribute to the plan. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 58-86 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the State contributed \$13,900,000 to the plan. The City of Brevard's proportionate share of the State's contribution is \$12,675.

Refunds of Contributions – Plan members who are no longer eligible or choose not to participate in the plan may file an application for a refund of their contributions. Refunds include the member's contributions and contributions paid by others on the member's behalf. No interest will be paid on the amount of the refund. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by FRSWPF.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the City reported no liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, as the State provides 100% pension support to the City through its appropriations to the FRSWPF. The total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City and supported by the State was \$33,501. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers. As the City is not projected to make any future contributions to the plan, its proportionate share at June 30, 2016 and at June 30, 2015 was 0%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$12,675 and revenue of \$12,675 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the City reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.5 percent Salary increases Not applicable

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

For more information regarding actuarial assumptions, including mortality tables, the actuarial experience study, the consideration of future ad hoc COLA amounts, the development of the projected long-term investment returns, and the asset allocation policy, refer to the discussion of actuarial assumptions for the LGERS plan in the first section of this note.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of July 1, 2010, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least five years of creditable service with the City. These employees may elect to stay on the group health policy until they are Medicare eligible. Retirees pay full premium costs to cover themselves and their dependent(s). Coverage can continue until they become Medicare-eligible. The City will contribute \$750 per year into a Health Savings Account (HSA) for eligible retirees. The retiree may continue dependent coverage (and pay the full cost of this coverage) if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. Dependent coverage terminates upon the retiree becoming eligible for Medicare or attaining age 65. The City has elected to partially pay the future overall cost of coverage for these benefits. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the HCB Plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2014, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	-	3
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	66	24
Total	66	27

Funding Policy.— The retirees pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits under a City resolution that can be amended by City Council. The City's members pay the following monthly premiums:

Tier	(Cost
Retiree Only	\$	579
Retiree and Children		950
Retiree and Spouse		1,158
Family		1,448

Retirees contributed approximately \$11,000 in premiums for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The current annual required contribution rate (ARC) is .55% of annual covered payroll. The City obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The City's contributions totaled \$18,750 in fiscal year 2017. The City's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established, and may be amended, by the City Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Although, funds have been placed into an irrevocable trust, the City pays for retiree health costs from the general fund as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB (Asset) Obligation. The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB (asset) obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 23,438
Interest on net OPEB obligation (asset)	(1,608)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 1,536
Annual OPEB cost	23,366
Contributions made	 (18,750)
Decrease in net OPEB asset	4,616
Net OPEB (asset), beginning of year	 (40,195)
Net OPEB (asset), end of fiscal year	\$ (35,579)

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the OPEB (asset) obligation as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

3 Year Trend Information								
For Year Ended	A	Annual	Percentage of Annual		Net OPEB			
June 30	OP	EB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	(As	set) Obligation			
2017	\$	23,366	80%	\$	(35,579)			
2016		23,643	79%		(40,195)			
2015		22,662	69%		(45,088)			

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$243,050 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$243,050. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,274,450, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 5.7 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and including types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.5% to 5% annually. Both rates included a 3% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 6 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2014, was 30 years.

Note 7 – Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The City has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources comprises the following:

Source	Amount
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	\$ 328,218
Benefit payments made for LEOSSA	28,420
Differences between expected and actual experience (pension)	28,359
Changes in assumptions (pension)	103,381
Net differences between projected and actual earnings	
on pension plan investments	834,511
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions	
and proportionate share of contributions (pension)	 31,001
	\$ 1,353,890

Deferred inflows of resources at year end comprises the following:

	Statement of		General Fund	
Source	Net	Net Position I		nce Sheet
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	\$	\$ -		13,330
Differences between expected and actual experience (pension)		52,891		-
Changes in proporation and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions (pension)		35,404		-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs (LEOSSA)		11,387		
	\$	99,682	\$	13,330

Note 8 – Risk Management and Contingent Liabilities

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries liability insurance for various risks of loss through the North Carolina League of Municipalities Risk Management Services. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). Because the City is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the City is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 per structure through the NFIP.

The City of Brevard ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the City's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The City Finance

Officer/City Manager and the City Clerk are each bonded for \$100,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000. Additionally, each ABC Board Member and employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000.

The City is presently a defendant in lawsuits and is also subject to claims which may arise out of the ordinary conduct of its affairs. It is the opinion of the City's management and counsel that settlement of these matters, if any, will not have a material adverse effect of the City's financial position.

Note 9 – Long-term Debt

Installment Contracts

In December 2007, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$785,000 to finance a new fire ladder truck. The financing agreement requires semi-annual payments of \$47,393 including interest at 3.55% per annum through March 2018.

In August 2009, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$150,000 to finance the installation of directional signs in the City. The financing agreement requires semi-annual payments of \$9,088 plus interest at 3.75% per annum through August 2019.

In March 2012, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$632,500 to refinance another installment note related to two fire trucks. The financing agreement requires a monthly payment of \$7,104 including interest at 1.89% per annum through March 2020. The original amount of the previous note was \$790,000 with interest of 4.25% per annum. Defeasance of debt from this refinance occurred through a current refunding with no unamortized differences.

In September 2012, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$403,089 to finance the purchase of numerous vehicles and pieces of heavy equipment. The financing agreement requires monthly payments of \$7,011 including interest at 1.69% per annum through September 2017.

In December 2012, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$280,000 to finance the purchase of a Seagraves Tanker fire truck. The financing agreement requires monthly payments of \$2,751 including interest at 1.96% per annum through December 2022.

In July 2013, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$127,910 to finance the purchase of a new garbage truck. The financing agreement requires monthly payments of \$2,236 including interest at 1.89% per annum through July 2018.

In December 2014, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$426,000 to finance the purchase of the former Duke Energy Building located at 400 Cashiers Valley Road, Brevard, NC. The financing agreement requires monthly payments of \$3,978, including interest at 2.25% per annum through January 2025.

In August 2016, the City entered into an installment purchase contract for \$122,000 for the purchase of fire extrication equipment. The financing agreement requires monthly payments of \$2,126, including interest at 1.74% through August 2021.

In April 2017, the City entered in to an installment purchase contract for \$421,234 to finance equipment for sanitation, streets, sewer collections, park management, and waste water treatment. The financing agreement requires monthly payments of \$7,376, including interest at 1.96% per annum through April 2022.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year ending	ending Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	F	rincipal	I	nterest		Total
2018	\$ 350,438	\$ 13,120	\$ 363,558	\$	63,526	\$	6,899	\$	70,425
2019	236,350	7,263	243,613		52,424		5,768		58,192
2020	190,556	4,008	194,564		53,542		3,451		56,993
2021	128,036	2,611	130,647		54,685		2,806		57,491
2022	90,903	1,695	92,598		61,185		2,146		63,331
2023-2025	53,855	59	53,914		77,029		2,372		79,401
	\$1,050,138	\$ 28,756	\$1,078,894	\$	362,391	\$	23,442	\$	385,833

Revolving Loans

In May 2011, the City entered into a federal revolving loan through a grant for \$1,142,606 with a loan term of 16 years at 2.455% per annum for the Belt Press Grit Removal Capital Project. Interest is due semiannually starting in November 2013 through May 2029. Beginning in May 2014, the City is required to make annual principal payments of \$71,875 through May 2029.

In May 2012, the City entered into a federal revolving loan through a grant for \$749,375 with a loan term of 20 years at 2.00% per annum for the Kings Creek Sewer Capital Project. Interest is due semiannually starting in November 2013 through May 2033. Beginning in May 2014, the City is required to make annual principal payments of \$37,469 through May 2033.

In February 2014, the City entered into a federal revolving loan for and estimated \$1,496,550 with a term of 20 years at 0% interest. The loan was for replacement of 3,484 manual-read meters with radio-read meters. Beginning in May 2017, the City is required to make annual principal payments of \$74,828 through May 2036.

In May 2014, the City entered into a federal revolving loan for \$1,680,000 with a term of 20 years at 2% per annum. The loan is for the City-wide 6 Inch Gravity Sewer Upgrade Project. Interest is due semiannually starting in November 2016. Beginning in May 2017, the City is required to make annual principal payments of \$84,000 through May 2036.

In March 2013, the City entered into a federal revolving loan for \$2,641,000 with a term of 18 years at 0% interest. The loan is for the Burrell Mountain Water Tank Project. Beginning in May 2016, the City is required to make annual principal payments of \$146,728 through May 2033.

In August 2015, the City entered into a federal revolving loan for \$1,435,784 with a term of 20 years at 0% per annum. The loan is for the Kings Creek Phase II Sewer Rehabilitation and Replacement Project. The City has recorded advanced funding of \$921,974 related to this loan as of June 30, 2017. The payment terms will not be defined until the project is completed.

In October 2015, the City entered into a federal revolving loan for \$1,484,150 with a term of 20 years at 0% interest. The loan is for the Kings Creek Phase III Sewer Rehabilitation and Replacement Project. The City recorded advanced funding of \$1,092,716 related to this loan as of June 30, 2017. The payment terms will not be defined until the project is completed.

In October 2015, the City entered into a federal revolving loan for \$13,660,000 with a term of 20 years at 1.84% per annum. The loan is for the Neely Road Pump Station and Force Main Rehabilitation Project. The City recorded advanced funding of \$10,729,286 related to this loan as of June 30, 2017. The payment terms will not be defined until the project is completed.

The future minimum payments of the revolving loans as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year ending		Business-type Activities				
June 30		Principal	Principal Interest		Total	
2018	\$	515,173	\$	64,948	\$	580,121
2019		1,051,637		258,185		1,309,822
2020		1,051,637		244,131		1,295,768
2021	1,051,637 230,077		230,077		1,281,714	
2022		1,051,637		216,024		1,267,661
2023-2027		5,258,184		336,289		5,594,473
2028-2032		5,043,943		187,626		5,231,569
2033-2037		4,541,948		96,518		4,638,466
	\$	19,565,796	\$	1,633,798	\$	21,199,594

In addition to the minimum payments noted above, the City expects to incur approximately \$3,800,000 in additional federal revolving loan debt for projects that were already in process at June 30, 2017. The City makes draws against the available revolving loan funds as the costs are incurred. The funds are disbursed on a reimbursement basis. As discussed in the detailed description of each loan issuance above, the City has only recorded as a liability the advanced funding received as of June 30, 2017. Future payment terms will not be defined on these projects until the projects are complete and the City has received the proceeds.

Changes in Long-term Debt

	As restated July 1, 2016								Curre	ent
			I	ncrease	Decrease		June 30, 2017		Portio	on
Governmental Activities:										
Installment contracts	\$	957,479	\$	407,689	\$	315,030	\$	1,050,138	\$ 350,4	438
Total pension liability (LEO)		563,585		-		23,832		539,753		-
Net pension obligation (LGERS)		268,353		936,223		-		1,204,576		-
Compensated absences		263,141		159,780		166,797		256,124	161,	773
Governmental activity long-										
term liabilities	\$	2,052,558	\$	1,503,692	\$	505,659	\$	3,050,591	\$ 512,2	211
Business-type Activities										
Installment contracts	\$	306,354	\$	135,545	\$	79,508	\$	362,391	\$ 63,5	526
Revolving loans		9,094,963	1	0,885,270		414,437	1	9,565,796	515,1	173
Net pension obligation (LGERS)		78,879		225,950		-		304,829		-
Compensated absences		78,126		56,378		65,963		68,541	65,9	963
Business-type activity long-										
term liabilities	\$	9,558,322	\$1	1,303,143	\$	559,908	\$2	20,301,557	\$ 644,6	662

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

As of June 30, 2017, the City's legal debt margin was approximately \$57,500,000.

38,000

Note 10 – Interfund Balances and Activity

A. Balances Due to/from Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount			
	General Fund for reimbursement of expe	\$	315				
	General Fund for reimbursement of expe	Internal Service Fund nses paid by the General Fund	3	36,656			
	General Fund Multi-Use Path Capital Project Fund for the Probart Street sidewalk project						
В. <u>Т</u>	ansfers to/from Other Funds						
F	From the General Fund to the Special Fire District Fund for use in operations of the fire department						
F	From the General Fund to the Downtown Master Plan Fund for use in downtown capital projects						
F	From the General Fund to the Multi-Use Paths Capital Project Fund for use in construction of greenways around the City						
F	rom the Heart of Brevard Special S to return unused funds	Service District Fund to the General Fund		(4,502)			

Note 11 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

for use in capital projects

The net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2017 is calculated as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type
Capital assets	\$ 7,122,502	\$ 34,706,736
Less: Long-term debt	1,050,138	19,928,187
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,072,364	\$ 14,778,549

From the Capital Reserve Fund to the Multi-Use Path Capital Project Fund

Note 12 - Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of the General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 5,582,797
Less:	
Restricted for:	
Stablization by State statute	1,732,491
Public safety	180,789
Streets - Powell Bill	133,165
Committed:	
Capital projects	523,836
Assigned:	
Appropriated fund balance in 2018 budget	138,306
Minimum fund balance policy	2,532,424
Remaining fund balance	\$ 341,786

The City has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct business of the City in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 30.0% of budgeted expenditures.

The City had no outstanding encumbrances related to purchase orders and contracts that remained unperformed at year-end.

Note 13 – Bjerg Nonexpendable Trust Fund

The Bjerg Nonexpendable Trust Fund, consisting of a gift of \$55,540 from the Estate of Dorothy S. Bjerg, is restricted. The income from the fund is to be used for the maintenance and upkeep of the building known as "French Broad Community Center" located within the City.

Note 14 - Ad Valorem Taxes

The total tax scroll and records of individual assessments for ad valorem taxes are maintained by the Transylvania County Tax Collector on behalf of the City. Collections are made by the County Tax Collector and remitted to the City of Brevard at least monthly. A three percent (3%) collection fee for current tax collections and a five percent (5%) collection fee for delinquent tax collections are charged to the City by the County. A one and a half percent (1.5%) collection fee for current vehicle tax collections are charged to the City by the County.

Note 15 - Related Party Transactions

The City purchased approximately \$25,500 of goods during the year from Harris Hardware and Farm Supply, Inc., which is operated by Mayor Jimmy Harris.

Note 16 – Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 17 – Subsequent Events

On August 22, 2017, the City accepted a FEMA Grant in the amount of \$265,715 for the purchase of air packs for the Brevard Fire Department.

On October 16, 2017, the City agreed to purchase property from Comporium on Railroad Avenue for the purpose of extending the Estatoe Trail from McLean Street to Whitmire Street. The purchase price was \$75,000 for approximately one acre.

On October 16, 2017, the City approved the equipment purchase for air packs totaling \$313,750 from Rhinehart Fire Services.

During the months of August, September and October 2017, the City completed approximately \$800,000 in street paving projects.

Note 18 - Prior Period Adjustment/Correction of Error

During the fiscal year, it was determined that two long-term note receivables had not been recorded in the Housing Trust Fund. These loans were provided to Developers by the City using Community Development Block Grants funds for the construction of affordable housing units. The resulting adjustment increased beginning fund balance of the Housing Trust Fund and beginning net position of governmental activities by \$369,760.

Note 19 – Change in Accounting Principle/Restatement

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The implementation of the statement required the City to record beginning total pension liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the City to the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance during the measurement period (fiscal year ending December 31, 2016). As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$460,192. When combined with the error correction described in Note 18, the net adjustment to beginning net position of governmental activities was a decrease of \$90,432.



LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability	
	 2017*
Beginning balance	\$ 563,585
Service cost	29,666
Interest on the total pension liability	19,069
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liabliity	-
Change of assumptions or other inputs	(13,688)
Benefit payments	(58,879)
Other changes	 -
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 539,753

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
Total pension liability	\$ 539,753
Covered payroll	1,192,033
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	45.28%

Notes to the schedules:

The City of Brevard has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions

Schedule of Funding Progress										
Actuarial Valuation Date	Va As	uarial lue of ssets (a)	Liab	nrial Accrued pility (AAL) pjected Unit Credit (b)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	_	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b - a)/c)
12/31/09 12/31/10 12/31/11 12/31/14	\$	- - -	\$	201,789 178,002 201,941 243,050	\$	201,789 178,002 201,941 243,050	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	\$	3,720,810 3,732,626 3,658,400 4,274,450	5.4% 4.8% 5.5% 5.7%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended	Annual Required	Percentage		
June 30	June 30 Contribution			
2010	\$ 32,910	5%		
2011	16,023	522%		
2012	15,163	162%		
2013	15,618	120%		
2014	16,086	118%		
2015	22,755	69%		
2016	23,438	80%		
2017	23,438	80%		

CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.07112%	0.07737%	0.07524%	0.07280%
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,509,405	\$ 347,232	\$ (443,725)	\$ 877,520
City's covered payroll	4,312,361	4,405,582	4,477,284	4,548,986
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	35.00%	7.88%	9.91%	19.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 328,218	\$ 296,217	\$ 315,304	\$ 319,008
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	328,218	296,217	315,304	319,008
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 4,365,405	\$ 4,312,361	\$ 4,405,582	\$ 4,477,284
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.52%	6.87%	7.16%	7.13%

CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS *

Firefighters' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension

	 2017	 2016	 2015
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	33,501	 32,874	25,311
Total	\$ 33,501	\$ 32,874	\$ 25,311
City's covered payroll	\$ 281,616	\$ 256,786	\$ 209,861
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	11.90%	12.80%	12.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.94%	91.40%	93.42%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

To the year en	ded June	30, 2017					
	P' 1				Variance Positive		
	,	Final		A adm al	(Negative)		
Davanuas		Budget		Actual	(1)	legative)	
Revenues Ad Valorem Taxes:							
Current year	\$	4,520,652	\$	4,636,577	\$	115,925	
Prior years	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	5,365	Ψ	(4,635)	
Penalties and interest		11,000		11,230		230	
Refunds paid on ad valorem tax		(2,500)		(18,198)		(15,698)	
		4,539,152		4,634,974		95,822	
Other Taxes and Licenses:	-						
Local option sales tax		1,435,000		1,517,365		82,365	
Zoning administration		32,000		35,300		3,300	
Zomig dammoration		1,467,000		1,552,665	-	85,665	
Ununctuiated Intercoverymental Devenyors		-,,		_,			
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues: Utilities sales tax		555,000		540,257		(14.743)	
Beer and wine taxes		30,000		35,888		(14,743) 5,888	
Video franchise fees		45,000		47,054		2,054	
City of Brevard ABC Board		150,000		192,076		42,076	
Payments in lieu of taxes		6,200		6,437		237	
Solid waste disposal tax		5,000		5,309		309	
Solid Waste disposar tall	-	791,200		827,021		35,821	
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues:		, , , , ,				, -	
Powell Bill allocation		222,000		224,153		2,153	
City narcotics investigation		55,000		54,301		(699)	
Court facilities fees		2,500		2,084		(416)	
Police grant		24,500		24,500		-	
		304,000		305,038		1,038	
Sales and Services:	-	 _		<u> </u>			
Recycling revenue		165,000		170,059		5,059	
Rents		30,000		29,766		(234)	
Parking violation penalties		1,500		2,085		585	
Recreation revenues		15,000		6,842		(8,158)	
Refuse collection fees		742,000		731,916		(10,084)	
Vehicle maintenance		431,650		326,427		(105,223)	
Concessions		3,000		1,948		(1,052)	
		1,388,150		1,269,043		(119,107)	
Investment earnings		5,100		10,474		5,374	
Miscellaneous revenue		30,000		28,032		(1,968)	
Total revenues		8,524,602		8,627,247		102,645	
Expenditures							
General Government:							
Governing Body:							
Salaries and employee benefits				36,079			
Other operating expenses				40,353			
S. P. S.	-	97,968		76,432		21,536	
Administration:							
Salaries and employee benefits				557,048			
Other operating expenses				140,128			
Capital outlay				81,818			
Allocation to utility fund	-	500.050		(287,500)		21.250	
		522,853		491,494		31,359	

GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2017

Variance

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	Budget	Actual	(ivegative)
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		286,151	
Other operating expenses		482,960	
Allocation to utility fund		(287,500)	
	495,791	481,611	14,180
Legal:			
Other operating expenses	63,000	57,058	5,942
Planning:		_	_
Salaries and employee benefits		316,925	
Other operating expenses		233,523	
Other operating expenses	566,779	550,448	16,331
			10,001
Special Appropriations:		40.000	
Arts Council		10,000	
Chamber of Commerce		3,000	
Heart of Brevard		30,000	
Fireworks Participation Bread of Life		2,500 5,000	
Brevard Music Center		5,000	
Farmers market		17,000	
1 dimeis market	72,500	72,500	
Total General Government	1,818,891	1,729,543	89,348
Public Safety:			
Police:			
Salaries and employee benefits		2,205,088	
Other operating expenses		430,306	
Capital outlay		115,285	
Total Public Safety	2,833,521	2,750,679	82,842
Public Works:			
Administration:		207.220	
Salaries and employee benefits		296,228	
Other operating expenses	297.002	76,437	15 227
	387,992	372,665	15,327
Central Maintenance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		136,819	
Other operating expenses		288,206	
Capital outlay		8,387	
	536,030	433,412	102,618
Streets:			
Salaries and employee benefits		362,245	
Other operating expenses		250,100	
	695,988	612,345	83,643
Powell Aid:			
Other operating expenses		223,504	
- · · · ·	227,100	223,504	3,596
	<u> </u>		

GENERAL FUND

Tor the year ende	od 30110 30, 2017		
	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Building and Grounds:			(= (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (-
Salaries and employee benefits		379,953	
Other operating expenses		244,555	
Capital outlay		27,900	
	680,423	652,408	28,015
Sanitation:			
Salaries and employee benefits		413,249	
Other operating expenses		369,597	
Capital outlay		138,990	
1	962,777	921,836	40,941
Total Public Works	3,490,310	3,216,170	274,140
Cultural and Recreation:			
Recreation Department:			
Salaries and employee benefits		24,279	
Other operating expenses		78,313	
Total Culture and Recreation	116,316	102,592	13,724
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement		98,780	
Interest		6,976	
Total Debt Service	164,236	105,756	58,480
OPEB Expense:	12,000	12,000	
Contingency:	6,139		6,139
Total expenditures	8,441,413	7,916,740	524,673
Revenues over expenditures	83,189	710,507	627,318
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating transfers (to) from other funds:			
Heart of Brevard Special Service District	_	4,502	4,502
Fire District Fund	(371,678)	(371,678)	-
Downtown Master Plan Capital Project Fund	(180,000)	(180,000)	-
Multi-use Path Capital Project Fund	(90,000)	(90,000)	-
BJERG Trust	100	-	(100)
Installment obligations issued	323,995	285,689	(38,306)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	24,000	24,624	624
Total other financing sources (uses)	(293,583)	(326,863)	(33,280)
Fund balance appropriated	210,394		(210,394)
Revenues and other sources over			
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	383,644	\$ 383,644
Fund balance, beginning of year		4,675,317	
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 5,058,961	

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Impact fees - water and sewer	\$	20,000	\$	32,328	\$	12,328
Fees in lieu of infrastructure		-		12,200		12,200
Investment earnings		-		_		-
Total revenues		20,000		44,528		24,528
Expenditures:						
Contingency		20,000				20,000
Revenues over expenditures				44,528		44,528
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Fund balance appropriated		38,000		-		(38,000)
Transfer to Multi-Use Path Capital Project Fund		(38,000)		(38,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(38,000)		(38,000)
Revenues and other sources						
over expenditures and other uses	\$			6,528	\$	6,528
Fund balance, beginning of year				517,308		
Fund balance, end of year			\$	523,836		
Fund balance committed for:						
Streets and sidewalks			\$	77,306		
Water and sewer projects				446,530		
			\$	523,836		

MULTI-USE PATH CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

D	Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	25,000	\$	12,500	\$	(12,500)
resurred interger eximitence	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	(12,500)
Expenditures:						
West loop phase I		75,000		25,220		49,780
Paths, sidewalks, and signage		953,000		794,313		158,687
Railroad avenue project		75,000		61,686		13,314
Total expenditures	1	,103,000		881,219		221,781
Revenues under expenditures	(1	,078,000)		(868,719)		209,281
Other Financing Sources:						
Fund balance appropriated		950,000		-		(950,000)
Transfers from Capital Reserve		38,000		38,000		-
Transfers from General Fund		90,000		90,000		
Total other financing sources	1	,078,000		128,000		(950,000)
Revenues and other financing sources (under) expenditures	\$			(740,719)	\$	(740,719)
Fund balance, beginning of year				202,765		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year			\$	(537,954)		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

				Special	pecial Revenue					Capital Projects	Projec	S	Per	Permanent		
		Special	Heart	Heart of Brevard	Eme	Emergency			DC	Downtown	Rc	Rosenwald	Non-	Non-expendable	Total	Total Nonnajor
		Fire District	Munic	Municipal Service	Telepho	Telephone System	TT E	Housing Transf Eurad	Ma	Master Plan	Rev	Revitalization	Ę	Bjerg	Gov	Governmental
ASSETS		runa	ZI	nici r'unu		niid		ust ruild	110	Jeer r min	L10	ect rund	T	ist ruild		runus
Cash and cash equivalents	8	1	\$	1	↔		S		\$	184,895	S	106,105	8	1	∽	291,000
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		20,577		3,849		5,334		86,827						60,293		176,880
Other receivables		1,650		•		,		٠		5,500		,		,		7,150
Due from other governments				323		3,347		٠						1		3,670
Notes receivable				,				366,583						,		366,583
Total assets	S	22,227	∽	4,172	\$	8,681	S	453,410	↔	190,395	↔	106,105	\$	60,293	\$	845,283
LIABILITIES																
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8	12,679	€	4,172	\$	658	↔	1	>>	1,079	↔	1	8	•	↔	18,588
FUND BALANCES														0 7 7 7 7		047
Nonspendable Restricted for:		1		1		ı		ı		ı		ı		55,440		33,440
Stabilization by state statute		1,650		ı		3,347		366,583		5,500				1		377,080
Public safety		7,898		ı		4,676		٠						1		12,574
Economic and physical development				ı				86,827						1		86,827
Perpetual maintenance		ı		ı		٠		٠		٠				4,853		4,853
Committed for capital projects				-						183,816		106,105		1		289,921
Total fund balances		9,548				8,023		453,410		189,316		106,105		60,293		826,695
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	22,227	\$	4,172	\$	8,681	S	453,410	S	190,395	S	106,105	\$	60,293	S	845,283

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Special 1	Special Revenue		Capital	Capital Projects	Permanent	
	Special Fire District	Heart of Brevard Municipal Service District Fund	Emergency Telephone System Fund	Housing Trust Fund	Downtown Master Plan Project Fund	Rosenwald Revitalization Project Fund	Non-expendable Bjerg Trust Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$ 333.594	\$ 138.078			5	- S	<i>-</i>	\$ 471.672
Restricted intergovernmental)	40,164	1	500,000	ı }	1	
Investment earnings	1	•	1	100	ı	•	06	190
Miscellaneous	565		•	3,425	11,000	-	•	14,990
Total revenues	374,159	138,078	40,164	3,525	511,000		06	1,067,016
Expenditures:								
rubiic sarety	6//,100		38,933		1			090,/08
Economic and physical development	•	133,576			502,840			636,416
Capital outlay	1			ı	181,095	21,802	•	202,897
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	216,250					ı	•	216,250
Interest	15,901	•	•	•	1	-	•	15,901
Total expenditures	883,926	133,576	38,933	1	683,935	21,802	1	1,762,172
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(509,767)	4,502	1,231	3,525	(172,935)	(21,802)	06	(695,156)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Installment obligations issued	122,000	1	1	1	1	1		122,000
Transfers (to)/from General fund	371,678	(4,502)		1	180,000	1		547,176
Total other financing sources (uses)	493,678	(4,502)	1	1	180,000		1	669,176
Net change in fund balances	(16,089)		1,231	3,525	7,065	(21,802)	06	(25,980)
Fund balances, beginning, as originally stated	25,637	ı	6,792	80,125	182,251	127,907	60,203	482,915
Restatement (Note 18) Fund balances, beginning, as restated	25,637	1 1	6,792	369,760	182,251	127,907	60,203	369,760 852,675
Fund balances, ending	\$ 9,548	- S	\$ 8,023	\$ 453,410	\$ 189,316	\$ 106,105	\$ 60,293	\$ 826,695

SPECIAL FIRE DISTRICT FUND

	Final			rariance Positive
	Budget	Actual		legative)
Revenues:	Duaget	1100441	(1	(egail (e)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 333,594	\$ 333,594	\$	-
Restricted intergovernmental	40,000	40,000		-
Miscellaneous		565		565
Total revenues	 373,594	 374,159		565
Expenditures:				
Public Safety:				
Salaries and employee benefits		310,502		
Other operating expenses		176,610		
Capital outlay		 164,663		
Total public safety	656,195	651,775		4,420
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement		216,250		
Interest		15,901		
Total debt service	236,714	232,151		4,563
Total expenditures	892,909	883,926		8,983
Revenues under expenditures	 (519,315)	 (509,767)		9,548
Other Financing Sources:				
Fund balance appropriated	25,637	_		(25,637)
Transfer from general fund	371,678	371,678		-
Installment obligations issued	122,000	122,000		-
Total other financing sources	519,315	493,678		(25,637)
Revenues and other sources under expenditures	\$ 	(16,089)	\$	(16,089)
Fund balance, beginning of year		 25,637		
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 9,548		

SPECIAL MUNICIPAL SERVICE DISTRICT FUND HEART OF BREVARD

			Va	ariance
	Final		Po	ositive
	 Budget	Actual	(No	egative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 140,000	\$ 138,078	\$	(1,922)
Expenditures:				
Contracted services	140,000	133,576		6,424
Revenues over expenditures		 4,502		4,502
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfer to General Fund	 	 (4,502)		(4,502)
Revenues over expenditures and other uses	\$ 	-	\$	
Fund balance, beginning of year		 		
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 		

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND

					V	⁷ ariance
		Final			I	Positive
	I	Budget	1	Actual	(N	Vegative)
Revenues:						
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	64,000	\$	40,164	\$	(23,836)
Expenditures:						
Public safety		64,000		38,933		25,067
Revenues over expenditures	\$			1,231	\$	1,231
Fund balance, beginning of year				6,792		
Fund balance, end of year			\$	8,023		

HOUSING TRUST FUND

	Final Budget	 Actual]	Variance Positve Vegative)
Revenues:				
Developer loan repayment	\$ 26,600	\$ 3,425	\$	(23,175)
Investment earnings	 _	 100		100
Total revenues	 26,600	3,525		(23,075)
Expenditures:				
Economic and physical development	 26,600	 		26,600
Revenues over expenditures	\$ 	3,525	\$	3,525
Fund balance, beginning, as originally stated		80,125		
Restatement (Note 18)		369,760		
Fund balance, beginning, as restated		449,885		
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 453,410		

DOWNTOWN MASTER PLAN CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

]	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
CDBG Grant - Perkins project	\$	500,000	500,000	\$ -
Heart of Brevard		11,000	11,000	-
Total revenues		511,000	511,000	-
Expenditures:				
Clemson Plaza and other downtown improvements		531,000	180,270	350,730
Caldwell Street improvements		200,000	825	199,175
Perkins project		500,000	502,840	(2,840)
Total expenses		1,231,000	683,935	547,065
Revenues under expenditures		(720,000)	 (172,935)	 547,065
Other Financing Sources:				
Fund balance appropriated		540,000	-	(540,000)
Transfer from General Fund		180,000	180,000	-
Total other financing sources		720,000	180,000	(540,000)
Revenues and other sources				
over expenditures	\$	-	7,065	\$ 7,065
Fund balance, beginning of year			 182,251	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 189,316	

ROSENWALD REVITALIZATION CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positve Negative)
Revenues:	 Daaget	 Actual	 (tegative)
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 	\$ _
Expenses:			
Revitalization project	 134,000	 21,802	112,198
Revenues under expenditures	 (134,000)	 (21,802)	 112,198
Other Financing Sources: Fund balance appropriated	134,000		(134,000)
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	\$ -	(21,802)	\$ (21,802)
Fund balance, beginning of year		 127,907	
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 106,105	

WATER AND SEWER FUND

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)
For the year ended June 30, 2017

		Final Budget	Actual	I	ariance Positive Jegative)
Revenues:	-				
Charges for utilities:					
Water	\$	2,527,000	\$ 2,479,311	\$	(47,689)
Sewer		2,245,000	2,158,517		(86,483)
Taps and connection fees:					
Water		2,500	10,806		8,306
Sewer		10,000	21,178		11,178
Grant revenue		45,750	45,750		-
Other operating revenues		196,000	 221,592		25,592
Total revenues		5,026,250	 4,937,154		(89,096)
Expenditures:					
Water Service:					
Water Treatment:					
Salaries and employee benefits			338,253		
Other operating expenses			400,190		
Capital outlay			 238,520		
		1,007,740	 976,963		30,777
Water Distribution:					
Salaries and employee benefits			242,200		
Other operating expenses			306,142		
Capital outlay			 26,280		
		601,896	 574,622		27,274
Total water service		1,609,636	1,551,585		58,051
Sewer Service:					
Sewage Treatment:					
Salaries and employee benefits			476,209		
Other operating expenses			775,531		
Capital outlay		_	 372,031		
		1,682,717	1,623,771		58,946
Sewer Maintenance:					
Salaries and employee benefits			242,437		
Other operating expenses			386,053		
Capital outlay		084.505	106,710		226.127
		971,607	 735,200		236,407
Total sewer service		2,654,324	 2,358,971		295,353

WATER AND SEWER FUND

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Final		Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Debt Service:			(1.18)
Interest and fees		89,157	
Debt principal		493,945	
Total debt service	601,739	583,102	18,637
Nondepartmental:			
Payment to general fund in lieu of			
taxes and administrative expenses		575,000	
OPEB expense		6,750	
Miscellaneous		23,585	
	601,750	605,335	(3,585)
Total expenditures	5,467,449	5,098,993	368,456
Revenues under expenditures	(441,199)	(161,839)	279,360
Other financing sources (uses):			
Fund balance appropriated	299,000	-	(299,000)
Installment loan proceeds	142,199	135,545	(6,654)
Transfer to capital project fund		(29,318)	(29,318)
Total other financing sources (uses)	441,199	106,227	(334,972)
Revenues and other sources over			
expenditures and other uses	\$ -	(55,612)	\$ (55,612)
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Full Accrua	al Basis:		
Reconciling items:			
Revolving loan advances - Capital Project Fu	nd	(10,885,270)	
Loan proceeds		(135,545)	
Payment of debt principal		493,945	
Capital outlay		740,901	
Construction in process - Capital Project Fund	d	10,976,535	
Contribution to capital project fund		29,318	
Net change in fund balance - Capital Project	Fund	(61,947)	
Increase in OPEB asset		2,077	
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - p	ension	190,164	
Increase in net pension liability	:	(225,950)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - per Decrease in accrued interest	ension	23,167	
Decrease in accrued interest Decrease in accrued vacation		5,300 0.586	
Decrease in accrued vacation Depreciation		9,586 (751,149)	
Depreciation	_	(/31,143)	
Change in Net Position	\$	355,520	

WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)
From inception and for the year ended June 30, 2017

				Actua	ıl thro	ugh June 30,	2017			
	Proje Authori			orted in or Years	(Current Year		otal to Date	P	fariance Positive (egative)
Revenues:										
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures:										
Kings Creek sewer phase 2	1,43	5,784		274,015		787,955	1,	061,970		373,814
Kings Creek sewer phase 3	1,48	4,150		215,856		940,096	1,	155,952		328,198
Neely Road tank project	13,66	6,000	1,	,863,236		8,866,050	10,	729,286	2	2,936,714
Radio read meters	1,56	0,500	1,	,205,381		382,434	1,	587,815		(27,315)
Total expenditures	18,14	6,434	3,	,558,488	10,976,535		14,	535,023	3	3,611,411
Revenues under expenditures	(18,14	6,434)	(3,	,558,488)	(10,976,535)	(14,	535,023)	3	3,611,411
Other Financing Sources:										
Proceeds from issuance of debt										
Clean water state revolving fund	16,58	5,934	2,	,253,309		10,594,101	12,	847,410	(3	3,738,524)
Drinking water state revolving fund	1,42	1,722	1,	,073,581		291,169	1,	364,750		(56,972)
Transfer from Water and Sewer Fund	13	8,778		293,545		29,318		322,863		184,085
	18,14	6,434	3,	,620,435		10,914,588	14,	535,023	(3	3,611,411)
Revenues and other financing sources										
over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	61,947	\$	(61,947)	\$		\$	

INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Financial Plan and Actual (Non-GAAP)

For the year ended June 30, 2017

				√ariance
	Financial			Positive
	Plan	Actual	(]	Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,195,250	\$ 1,181,576	\$	(13,674)
Expenditures:				
Claims		1,063,128		
Insurance premiums		179,518		
Other operating expenses		255,633		
Total expenditures	1,428,235	1,498,279		(70,044)
Revenues under expenditures	(232,985)	 (316,703)		(83,718)
Other Financing Sources:				
Appropriated fund balance	232,985	-		(232,985)
Total other financing sources	232,985	-		(232,985)
Revenues and other sources				
under expenditures	\$ _	\$ (316,703)	\$	(316,703)



GENERAL FUND Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable For the year ended June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance 6/30/2016	Additions	Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance 6/30/2017		
2016-2017	\$ -	\$ 4,636,721	\$ 4,630,988	\$ 5,733		
2015-2016	3,320	-	1,405	1,915		
2014-2015	2,869	-	1,168	1,701		
2013-2014	4,449	-	1,395	3,054		
2012-2013	4,100	_	1,207	2,893		
2011-2012	1,525	-	11	1,514		
2010-2011	2,728	_	6	2,722		
2009-2010	1,147	-	_	1,147		
2008-2009	1,484	-	1	1,483		
2007-2008 and prior	4,063	-	1,895	2,168		
•	\$ 25,685	\$ 4,636,721	\$ 4,638,076	24,330		
	Less: allowance f General Fund Ad valorem taxes	or uncollectible account	ts:	(11,000) \$ 13,330		
	Reconciliation with	h revenues:				
	Ad valorem taxes Reconciling items	\$ 4,634,974				
	Releases	688				
	Interest collected	(11,230)				
	Refunds and oth	13,644				
	Total collections a	\$ 4,638,076				

GENERAL FUND Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the year ended June 30, 2017

					Property					
					Excluding					
]	Registered	Re	egistered
		Property				Total		Motor		Motor
		Valuation		Rate		Levy		Vehicles	7	Vehicles
Original levy:										
Property taxed at current rates	\$	946,448,958	\$	0.0048	\$	4,542,955	\$	4,312,325	\$	230,630
Penalties						1,416		1,416		-
Total						4,544,371		4,313,741		230,630
Discoveries:		19,382,917				93,038		93,038		-
Abatements	(143,333)				(688) (688)		-			
Total property valuation	\$	965,688,542								
Net levy						4,636,721		4,406,091		230,630
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2017						5,733		5,733		-
Current year's taxes collected					\$	4,630,988	\$	4,400,358	\$	230,630
Current levy collection percentage						99.88%		99.87%		100.00%
					_					





Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Brevard Brevard, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Brevard, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the City of Brevard's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2017. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Brevard ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Brevard's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the City of Brevard ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Brevard's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Brevard's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet

important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2017-01 to be a material weakness. We consider the deficiency described as item 2017-02 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Brevard's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2017-03.

City of Brevard's Responses to Findings

Hould Killiam CPA Group, P.A.

The City of Brevard's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Asheville, North Carolina November 15, 2017



Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Brevard Brevard, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major federal Program

We have audited the City of Brevard, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Brevard's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The City of Brevard's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Brevard's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the OMB Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Brevard's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Brevard's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Brevard complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Brevard is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Brevard's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Asheville, North Carolina

Hould Killiam CPA Group, P.A.

November 15, 2017

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the fi accordance to GAAP: Unmodified	nancial statements audited were prepared in
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	X_yesno
• Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X yesnone reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	_X_yesno
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> _no
• Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes <u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for n	najor federal programs: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.156(a)?	yesX_no
Major federal programs for the City of Brevard for	the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are:
CFDA Number Program Name	

The threshold for determining Federal Type A programs for the City of Brevard is \$750,000.

Community Development Bock Grant

Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds

The City does not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

State Awards

66.458 14.228

The only major state program for the City of Brevard was the Capitalization Grant for Clean State Water Revolving Funds (66.458), which are was a State match on a federal program. Therefore, these programs have been included in the list of major federal programs above.

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2017-01 (Material Weakness)

Criteria: Management should have a system in place to reduce the likelihood of errors in financial reporting in accordance in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Condition: The existence of a material prior period adjustment indicates the City's system of internal controls did not prevent or detect such errors in financial reporting.

Context: Management did not record two notes receivable in the Housing Trust Fund. An adjustment to beginning fund balance in the Housing Trust Fund and Governmental Activities were required in order for the City's financial statements to be fairly presented in accordance with GAAP. Previously, the City's financial statement presentation was recording the payment only when received from the developer.

Cause: A misunderstanding occurred of the GAAP presentation rules for this particular transaction.

Effect: Errors in financial reporting could occur.

Recommendation: Management should implement procedures to ensure all material balance sheet accounts are recorded in accordance in GAAP. A formal process should be established to review balance sheet accounts for errors throughout the year.

Management's Response: Management disagrees with this finding. The audited financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2012, June 30, 2013, June 30, 2014, June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 reflected the recording of annual developer loan payments for the Housing Trust Fund. The auditors have recommended a change for the year ended June 30, 2017 to reflect the entire developer loan amount. See the corrective action plan on page 87.

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Finding 2017-02 (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria: Management should have a system in place to reduce the likelihood of errors in financial reporting.

Condition: General ledger balances for accounts receivable related to utility billing does not agree to the billing system's schedule of amounts due from customers. This indicates an error either in the City's financial reporting software or in the process used to record Utility Fund activity in the general ledger.

Context: The external auditor proposed material adjustments to agree the general ledger system to the utility billing system.

Cause: The City does not currently perform reconciliation between the general ledger system and the underlying sub-ledger (the utility billing system).

Effect: Errors in financial reporting could occur.

Recommendation: We recommend the City implement a formal monthly process whereby the differences in accounts receivable per the general ledger are reconciled to the underlying customer account balances. Performing this monthly reconciliation should allow the City to quickly identify why the differences are occurring and take steps the errors through working with the software vendor and/or modifying internal processes as necessary.

Management's Response: Management agrees with this finding. See the corrective action plan on page 87.

Finding 2017-03 (Reportable Non-Compliance)

Criteria: NC G.S. 159-8(a) requires internal service funds of local governments to operate under a board approved annual financial plan, and all expenditures should be in strict compliance with the approved plan.

Condition: There were expenditures in excess of financial plan in the Health Insurance Internal Service Fund as described in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Effect: The City is not in compliance with North Carolina general statutes.

Cause: The City did not allow room in the financial plan for the year end accrual of health claims incurred as of June 30 but not paid until after year end.

Recommendation: The City should ensure that statutory authority exists for all expenditures, including those made as a result of standard year-end accruals required by governmental financial reporting.

Management's Response: Management agrees with this finding. See the corrective action plan on page 87.

III. Federal Awards Findings

None reported.

Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Finding 2017-01

Name of Contact Person: Jim Fatland, City Manager and Finance Director

Corrective Action: Management has reviewed the auditors' recommendation for proper accounting treatment of Housing Trust Fund. Upon further analysis of GAAP presentation requirements and consultation with LGC memo guidance, management has concluded to record and present the transaction accordingly.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately and ongoing

Finding 2017-02

Name of Contact Person: Jim Fatland, City Manager and Finance Director

Corrective Action: Management will implement a reconciliation process each month to ensure the City's general ledger system agrees to the underlying customer utility billing account records. Upon determination of the cause of the recurring differences, appropriate action will be taken to obtain any needed software fixes or implementing modifications to current City processes.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately and ongoing

Finding 2017-03

Name of Contact Person: Jim Fatland, City Manager and Finance Director

Corrective Action: Management has and will continue to exercise due care in reviewing of budget to actual reports to ensure compliance with North Carolina General Statutes.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediately and ongoing

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year.

CITY OF BREVARD

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Federal CFDA Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed. (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Local Expenditures	
Federal Awards						
Environmental Protection Agency Passed-through the N.C Dept of Environment and Natural Resources: Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Fund Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Total Environmental Protection Agency	66.458 66.468	DENR-10 DENR-17	\$ 8,475,281 232,935 8,708,216	\$ 2,118,820 58,234 2,177,054	\$ - - -	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Assistance to Firefighters Grant Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.044		40,000	-		
U.S. Department of Commerce Passed-through the N.C Dept. of Commerce: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Total U.S. Department of Commerce	14.228	15-E-2766	500,000 500,000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	
U.S. Department of Transporation Federal Highway Administration Passed-through the N.C Department of Transportation: Governor's Highway Safety Program Total U.S. Department of Transportation Total Federal Awards and State Matches	20.600		9,248,216	24,500 24,500 2,201,554	<u>-</u> -	
N. C. Department of Transportation: Non-State System Street-Aid (Powell Bill) Total N.C. Department of Transportation		DOT-4		223,504 223,504	<u>-</u>	
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Technical Assistance Grant Total N.C. Department of Environmental Quality		E-TAG-W-15-0018		45,750 45,750		
Total State awards Total Federal and State awards			\$ 9,248,216	\$ 2,470,808	\$ -	

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the City of Brevard under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Brevard, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Brevard.

2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Brevard has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Loans Outstanding

The City of Brevard had the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2017 for loans that the grantor/pass-through grantor has still imposed continuing compliance requirements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the SEFSA. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2017 consist of:

	Pass-through						
	CFDA	Grantor's	Amount Outstanding				
Program Title	Number	Number					
Clean Water Revolving Fund	66.458	-	\$	12,743,976			
Drinking Water Revolving Fund	66.468	-	\$	1,421,723			